

WP2 – ENERGY EFFICIENCY (DIRECT)

Future Focus

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**HOCHSCHULE
LUZERN**



In cooperation with the CTI



Energy funding programme
Swiss Competence Centers for Energy Research



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
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Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Commission for Technology and Innovation CTI

WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
 - Frédéric Bless, NTB

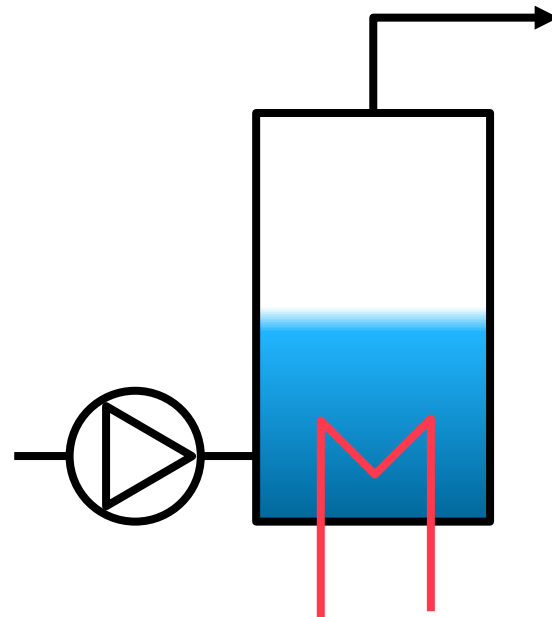
- High temperature heat pumps
 - Cordin Arpagaus, NTB

WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
- USAGE:
 - Heating
 - Distillation
 - Food drying
 - Carbon activation
 - ...

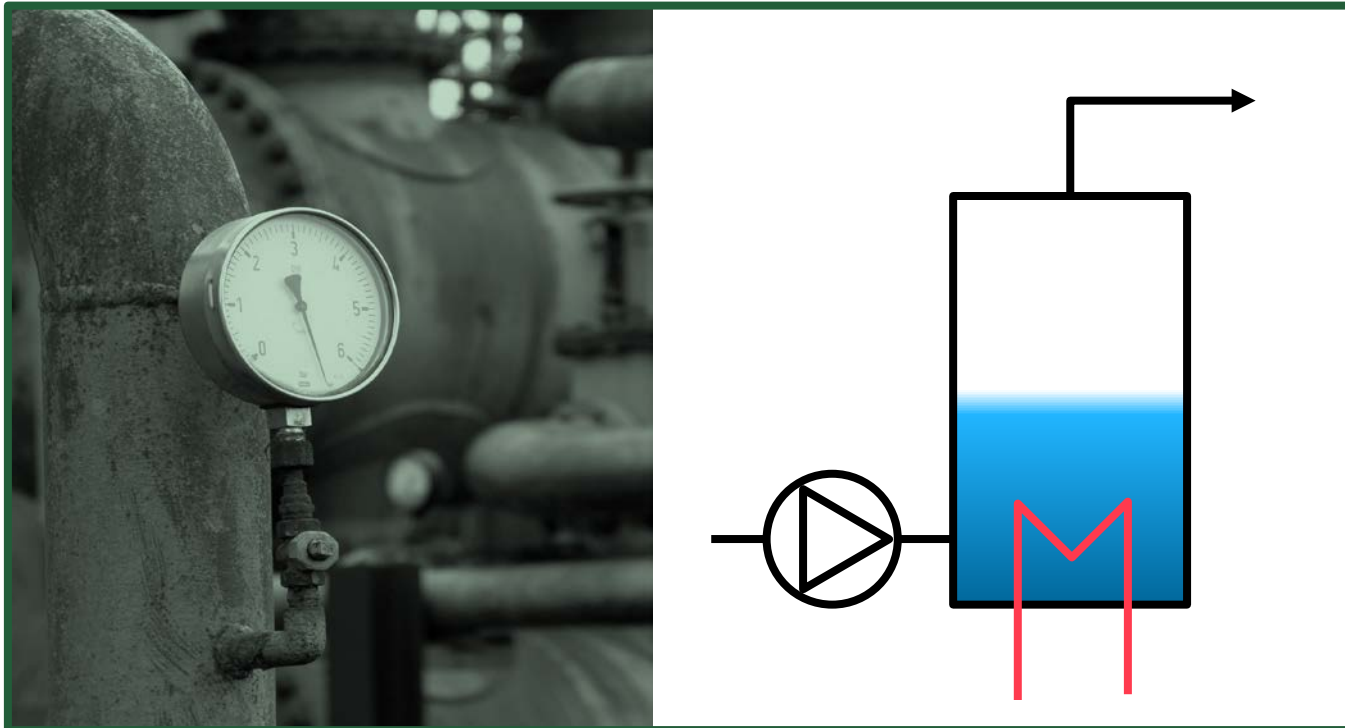
WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
- PROCESS: **BOILER**
 - Gas, oil, electricity
 - Efficient



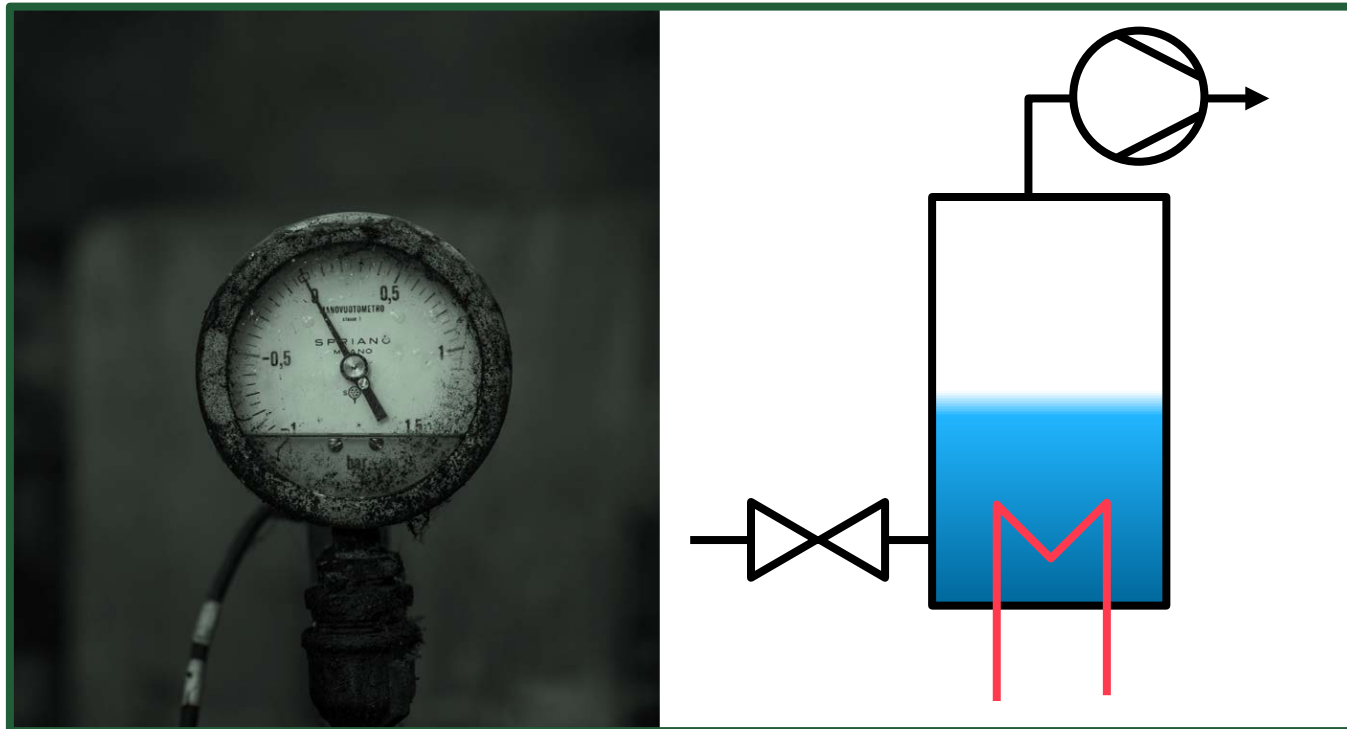
WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
- PROCESS: **HIGH TEMPERATURE HEAT PUMP**
 - COP ~ 1 (with heat source of 18°C)



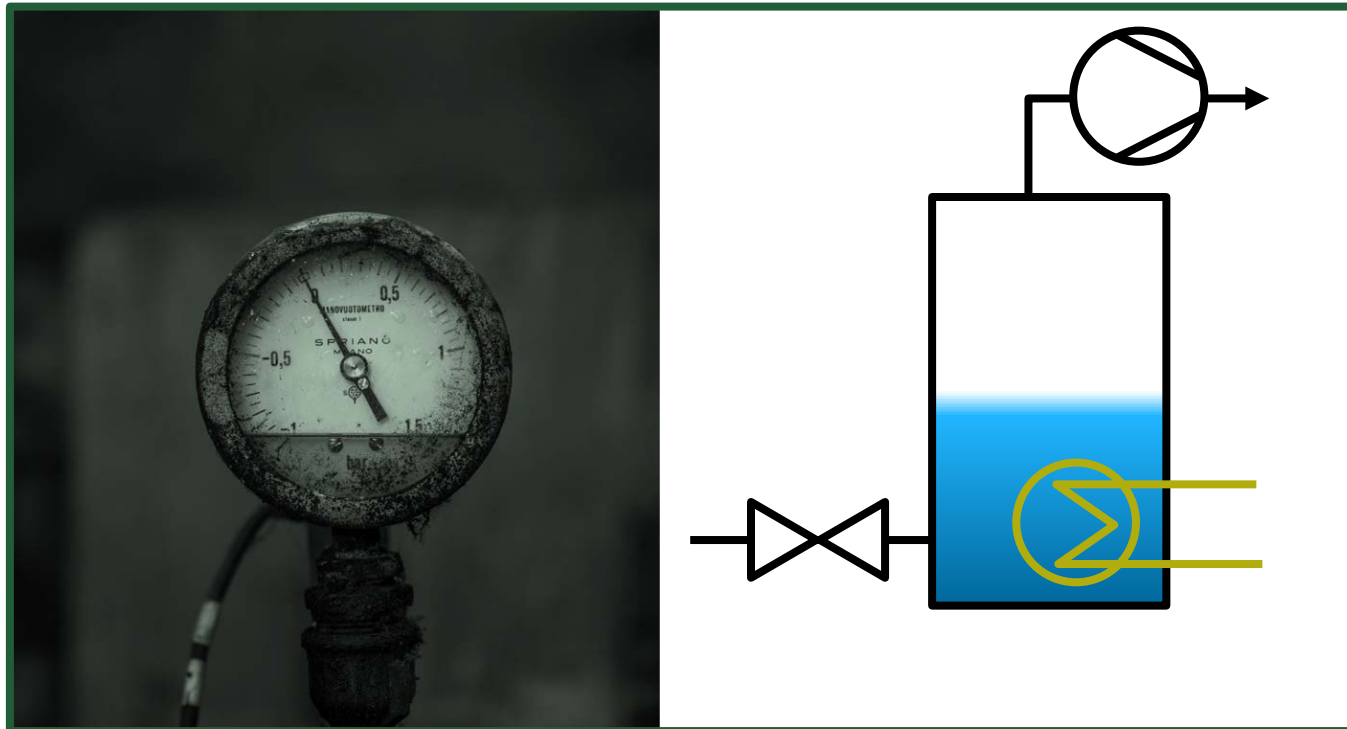
WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
- PROCESS: **STANDARD HEAT PUMP**
 - Low pressure



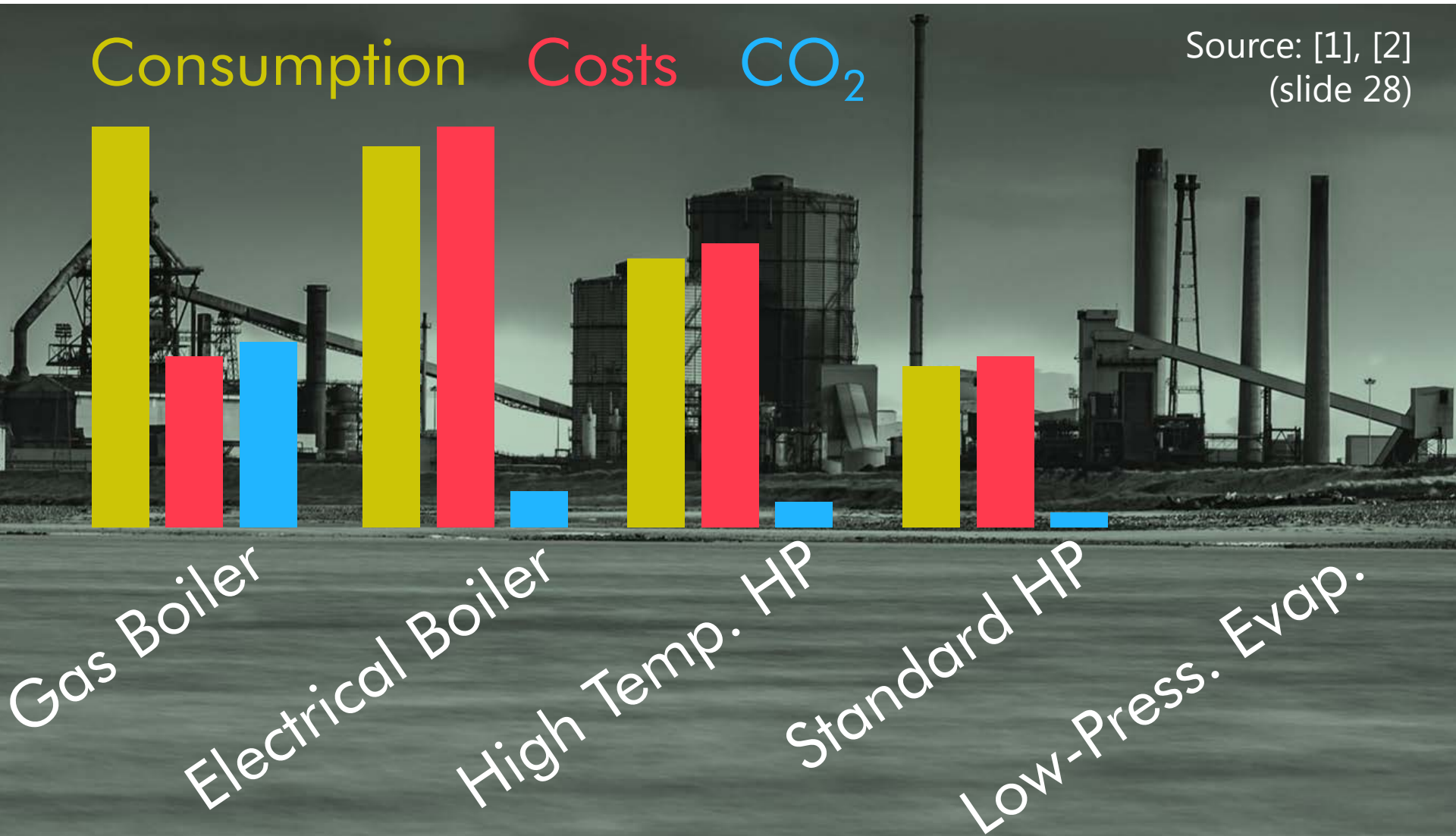
WP2- Future Focus

- Steam generation
- PROCESS: **LOW-PRESSURE EVAPORATION**
 - Low pressure
 - Using waste heat as heat source



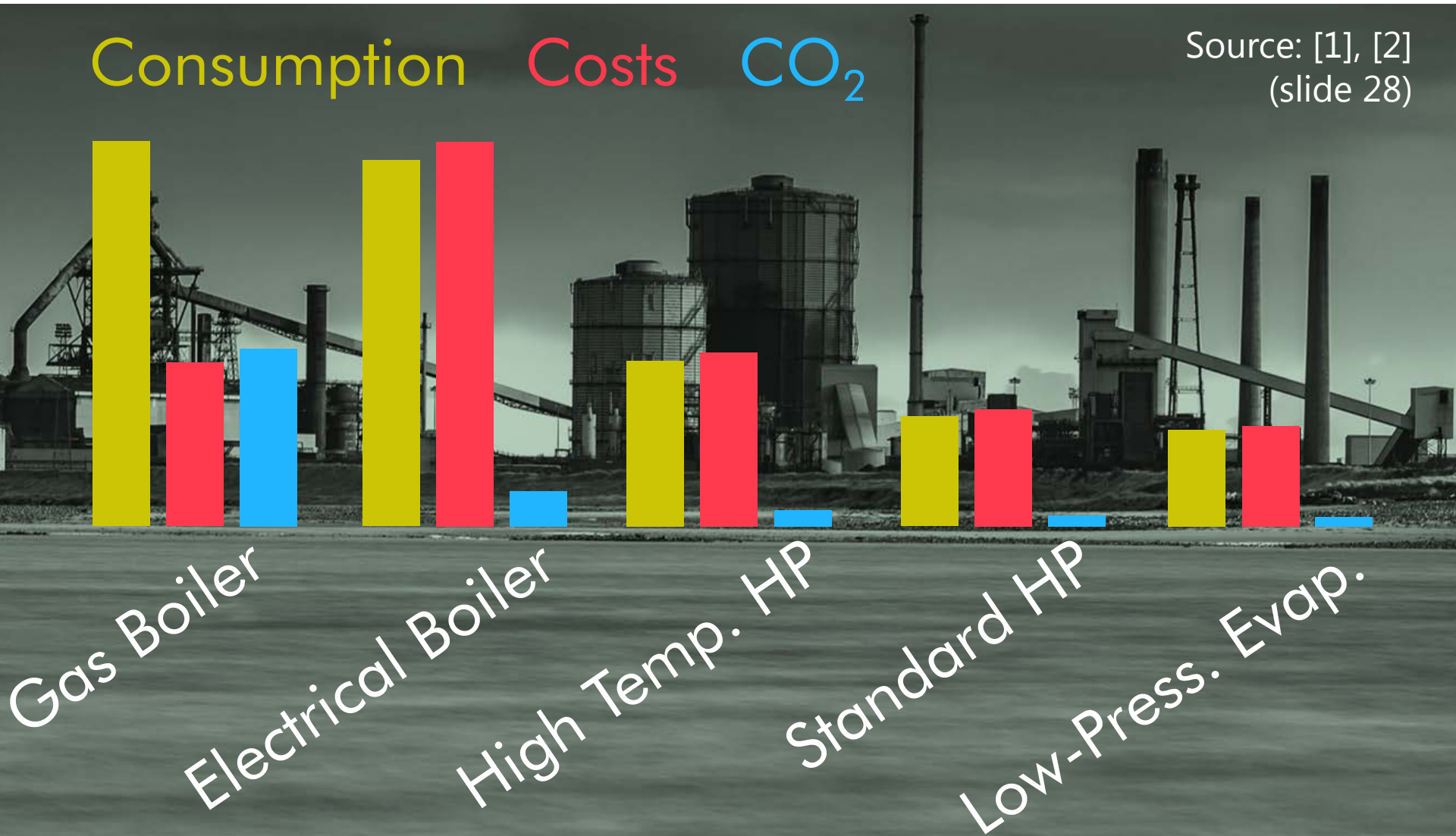
WP2- Future Focus

■ Steam generation: RESULTS



WP2- Future Focus

■ Steam generation: RESULTS + **55°C WASTE HEAT**

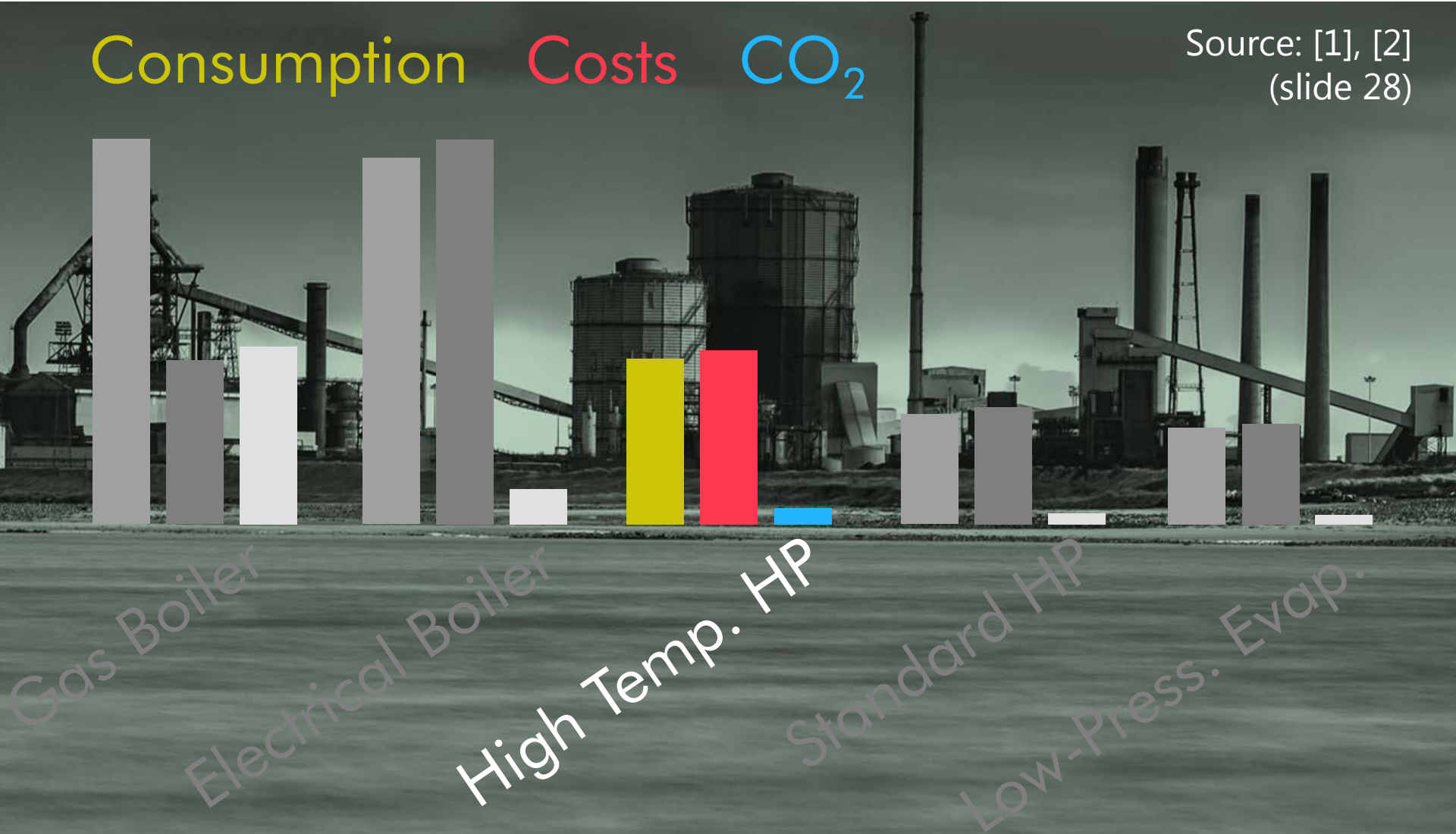


WP2- Future Focus

■ HIGH-TEMPERATURE HEAT PUMP

Consumption Costs CO₂

Source: [1], [2]
(slide 28)

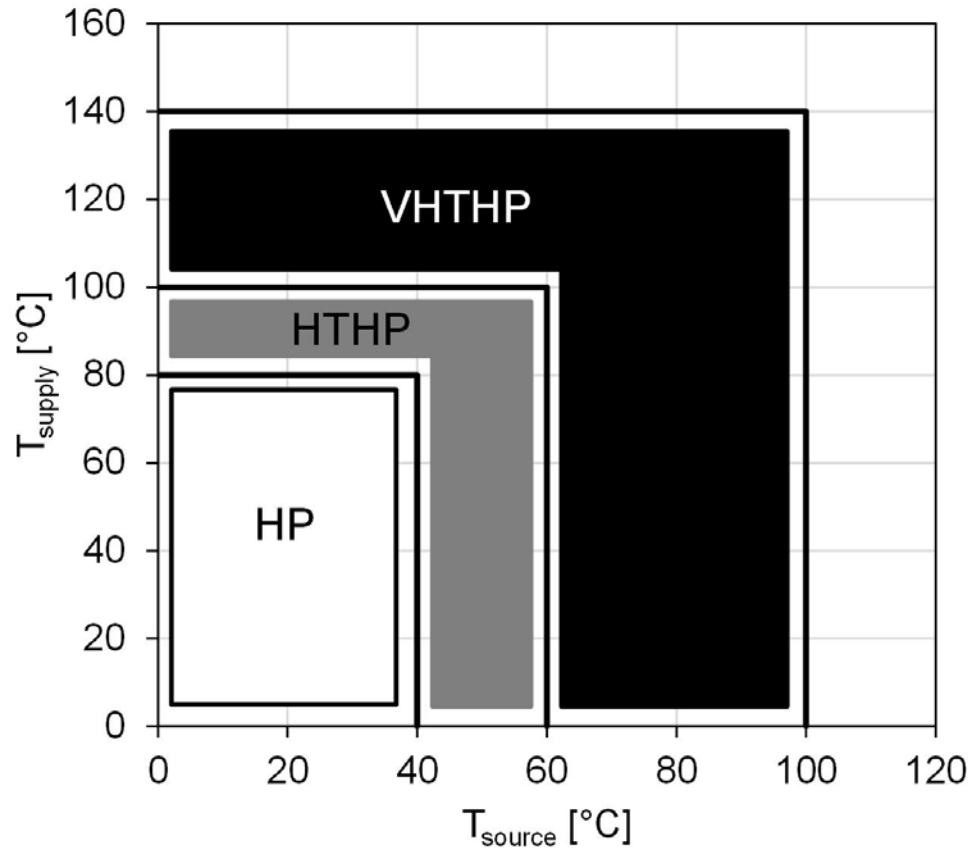


WP2- Future Focus

- HIGH TEMPERATURE HEAT PUMP
- Literature Review (Market Overview, Research Status, Refrigerants)
- Demonstrator (System Design, Experimental set-up)
- Future tasks (Review Paper, Conferences, Prototype Experiments)

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■ Development of temperature levels

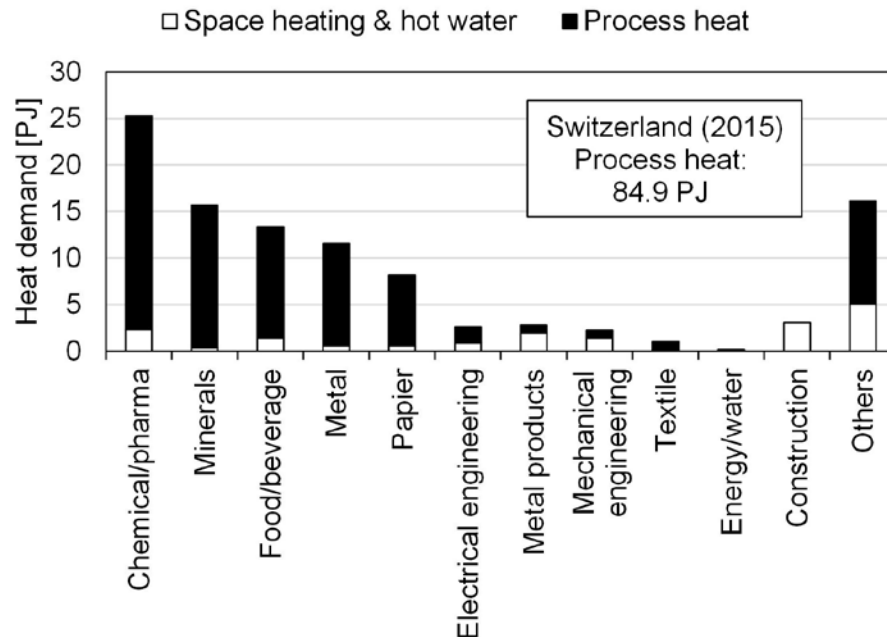


VHTHP: very high temperature heat pump
HTHP: high temperature heat pump
HP: conventional heat pump

(Bobelin et al., 2012; IEA, 2014a; Jakobs and Laue, 2015; Peureux et al., 2012, 2014)

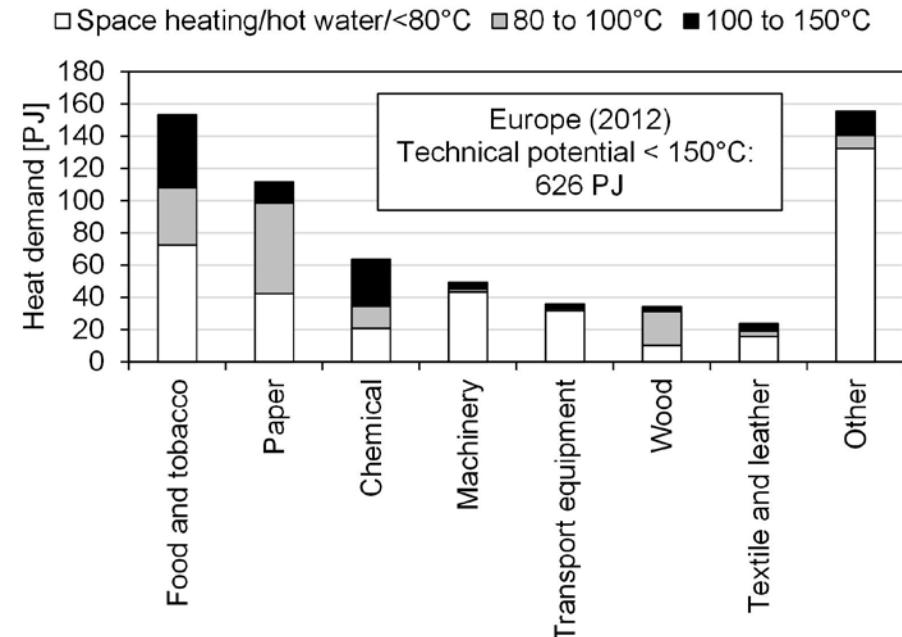
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■ Theoretical potential for HTHPs in Switzerland



(BFE, 2016; Pulfer and Spirig, 2014)

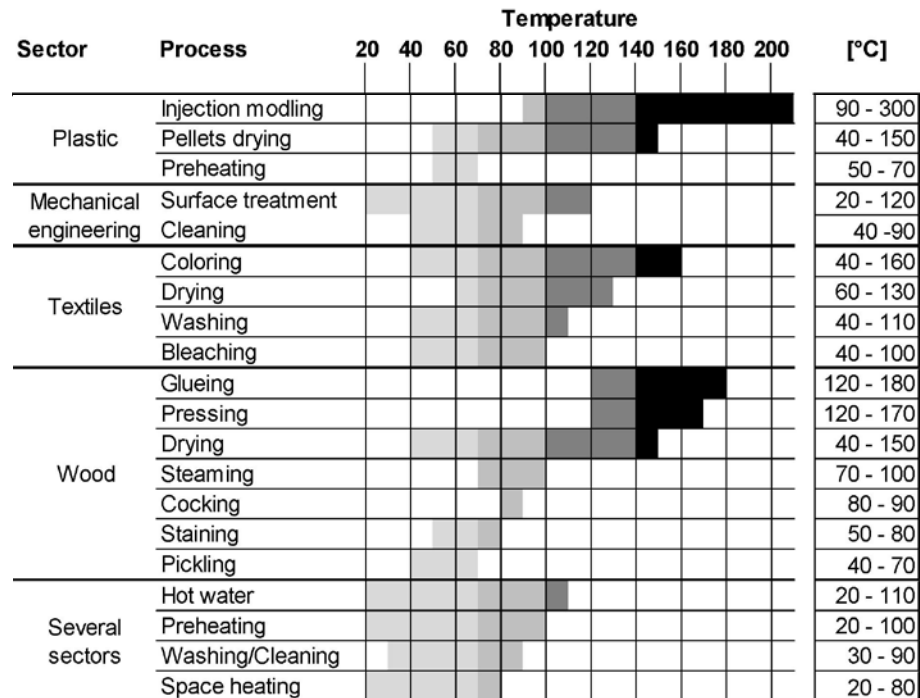
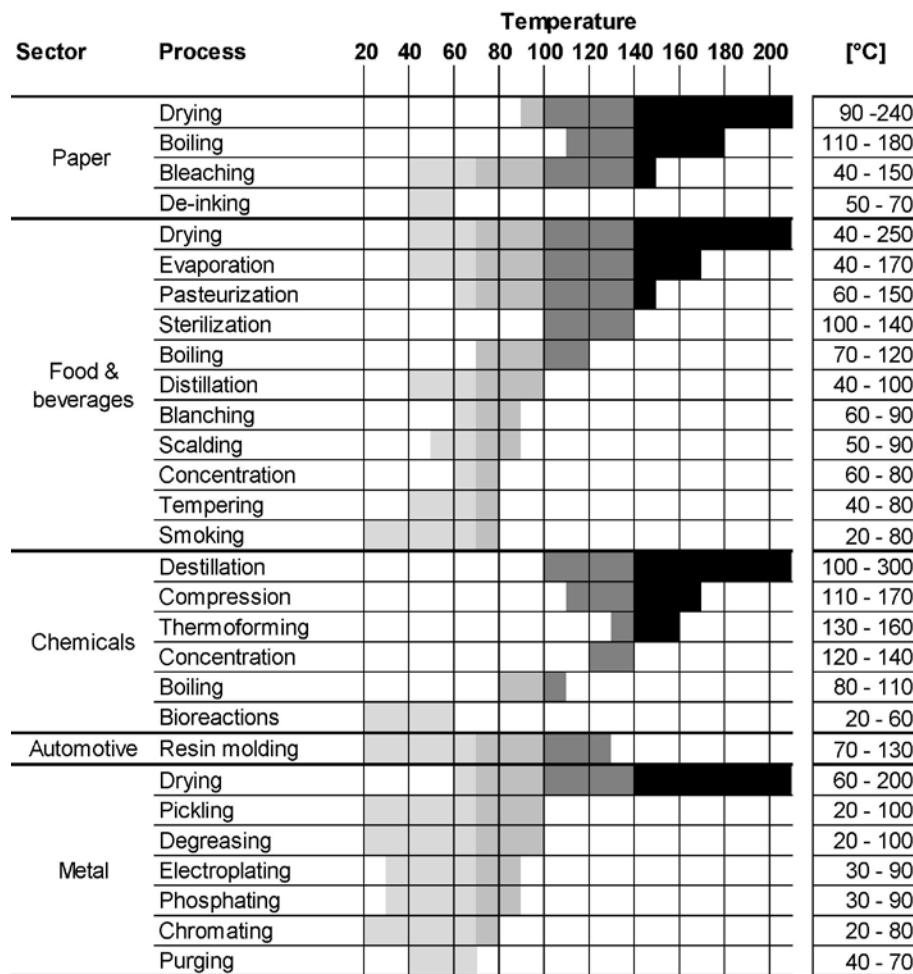
■ Technical potential of process heat in Europe accessible with industrial heat pumps







(based on Eurostat data from 2012 of 33 countries, Nellissen and Wolf, 2015)

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■ Overview of processes in different industrial sectors



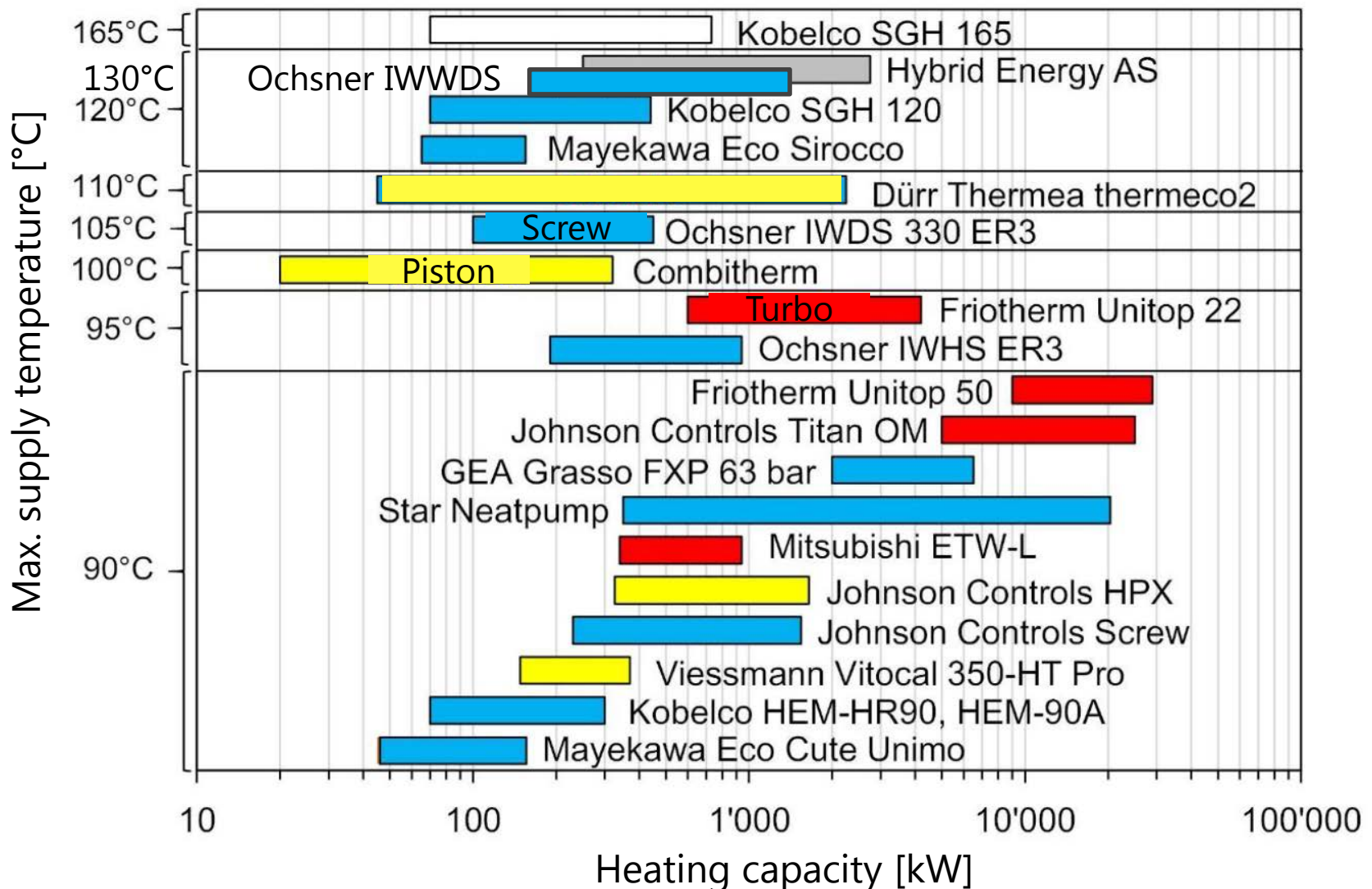
Technology Readiness Level (TRL):

-  conventional HP < 70°C, established in industry
-  commercial available HP 70 - 100°C, key technology
-  prototype status, technology development, HTHP 100 - 140°C
-  laboratory research, functional models, proof of concept, VHTHP > 140°C

(Brunner et al., 2007; Hartl et al., 2015; IEA, 2014b; Kalogirou, 2003; Lambauer et al., 2012; Lauterbach et al., 2012; Noack, 2016; Ochsner, 2015; Rieberer et al., 2015; Watanabe, 2013; Weiss, 2007, 2005; Wolf et al., 2014)


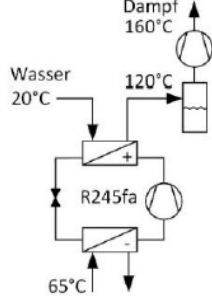
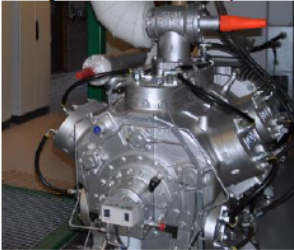
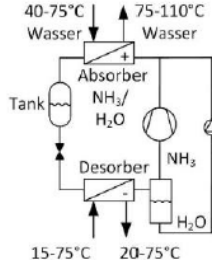

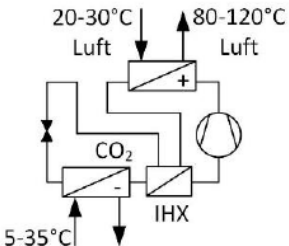

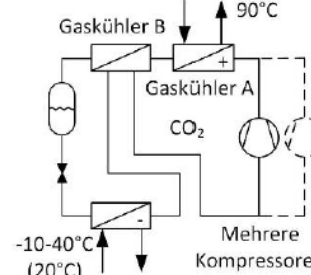

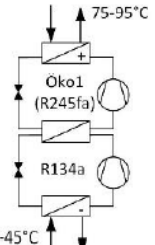

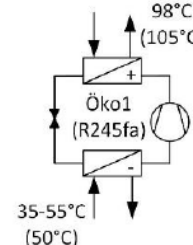
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- Market overview of HTHPs with supply temperatures $>90^{\circ}\text{C}$




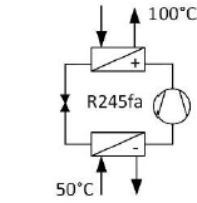

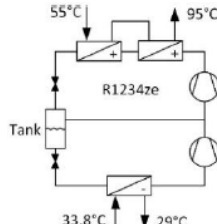

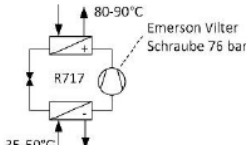

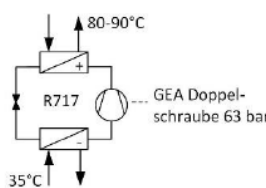

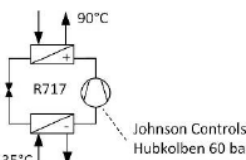

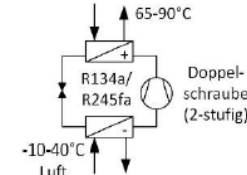

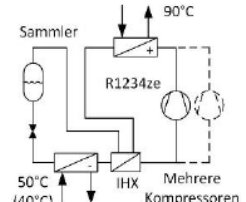

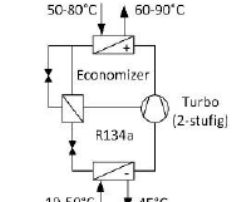
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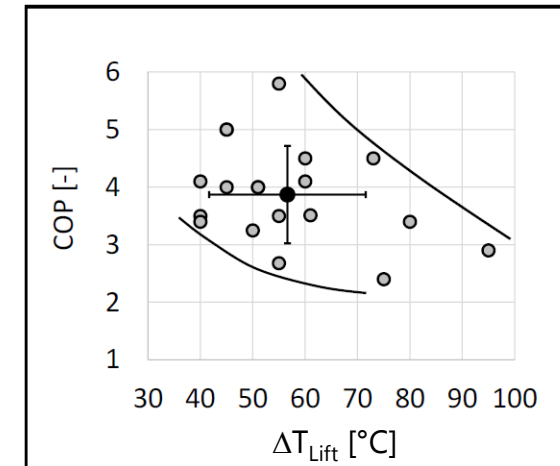
Commercial HTHPs

<p>Kobelco SGH 120 / 165</p>  <p>(IEA, 2014a; Kaida et al., 2015; Kuromaki, 2012; Watanabe, 2013)</p>	 <p>Dampf 160°C Wasser 20°C 120°C R245fa 65°C</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>65/120 (55)</td><td>3.5</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	65/120 (55)	3.5	<p>Hybrid Heat Pump²⁰</p>  <p>(Jensen et al., 2015a, 2015b)</p>	 <p>40-75°C Wasser 75-110°C Wasser Absorber NH₃/H₂O Tank Desorber NH₃ 15-75°C 20-75°C</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>20/95 (75)</td><td>2.4</td></tr><tr><td>40/100 (60)</td><td>4.5</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	20/95 (75)	2.4	40/100 (60)	4.5
$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP												
65/120 (55)	3.5												
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40/100 (60)	4.5												
<p>Mayekawa transkritische CO₂ Wärmepumpe Eco Sirocco</p>  <p>(IEA, 2014a; Mayekawa, 2010; Watanabe, 2013)</p>	 <p>20-30°C Luft 80-120°C Luft CO₂ IHX 5-35°C</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>20/100 Luft (80)</td><td>3.4</td></tr><tr><td>25/120 H₂O (95)</td><td>2.9</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	20/100 Luft (80)	3.4	25/120 H ₂ O (95)	2.9	<p>Thermeco₂ HHR1000²¹ mit 6 Hubkolbenverdichter, bis 1100 kW</p>  <p>(Dürr thermea GmbH, 2016; IEA, 2014a; Thermea, 2012)</p>	 <p>Gaskühler B 90°C Gaskühler A CO₂ -10-40°C (20°C) Mehrere Kompressoren</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>20/80 (60)</td><td>3.9-4.3</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	20/80 (60)	3.9-4.3
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$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP												
20/80 (60)	3.9-4.3												
<p>Ochsner IWHS 400 ER3 Schraube, 380 kW</p>  <p>(Ochsner, 2015)</p>	 <p>75-95°C Öko1 (R245fa) R134a 8-45°C</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>45/90 (45)</td><td>4.0</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	45/90 (45)	4.0	<p>Ochsner IWDS 330 ER3 Schraube, 312 kW</p>  <p>(Zauner, 2016)</p>	 <p>98°C (105°C) Öko1 (R245fa) 35-55°C (50°C)</p> <table><tr><th>$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>50/105 (55)</td><td>2.68</td></tr></table>	$T_Q/T_S (\Delta T)$	COP	50/105 (55)	2.68		
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Commercial HTHPs

<p>Combitherm²²</p>  <p>(Blesl et al., 2014; Wolf et al., 2014)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>50/100 (50)</td><td>3.1-3.4</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	50/100 (50)	3.1-3.4	<p>Friotherm Unitop 22/22 3'300 kW, 2-stufiger Turbo</p>  <p>(Friotherm AG, 2005; Wojtan, 2016)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$(\Delta T \text{ in } ^\circ\text{C})$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>34/95 (61)</td><td>3.51</td></tr></table>	$(\Delta T \text{ in } ^\circ\text{C})$	COP	34/95 (61)	3.51				
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50/100 (50)	3.1-3.4														
$(\Delta T \text{ in } ^\circ\text{C})$	COP														
34/95 (61)	3.51														
<p>Star Refrigeration Neatpump²³ NP601 380 kW bis 2.6 MW, Vilter VSSH Schraube 76 bar</p>  <p>(EMERSON, 2012)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>50/90 (40)</td><td>3-4</td></tr><tr><td>35/80 (45)</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>39/90 (51)</td><td>4</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	50/90 (40)	3-4	35/80 (45)	5	39/90 (51)	4	<p>GEA Grasso FX P Heat Pump²⁴ Doppelschraube 63 bar</p>  <p>(Dietrich and Fredrich, 2012)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>35/80 (45)</td><td>5.0</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	35/80 (45)	5.0
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35/80 (45)	5.0														
<p>Johnson Controls SABROE HeatPACTM-HPX²⁵ Hubkolben 60 bar</p>  <p>(Johnson Controls, 2017)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>39/90 (51)</td><td>4.0</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	39/90 (51)	4.0	<p>Kobelco HEM-HR90 Doppelschraube (2-stufig)</p>  <p>(Kuromaki, 2012; Oue and Okada, 2013)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>17/90 (73)</td><td>4.5</td></tr><tr><td>35/90 (55)</td><td>5.8</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	17/90 (73)	4.5	35/90 (55)	5.8		
$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP														
39/90 (51)	4.0														
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<p>Viessmann Vitocal 350-HT Pro²⁶</p>  <p>(Viessmann, 2016)</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>50/90 (40)</td><td>3.4</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	50/90 (40)	3.4	<p>Mitsubishi ETW-L²⁷</p>  <p>(IEA, 2014a; Watanabe, 2013).</p>	 <table><tr><th>$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$</th><th>COP</th></tr><tr><td>50/90 (40)</td><td>4.1</td></tr></table>	$T_c/T_s (\Delta T)$	COP	50/90 (40)	4.1				
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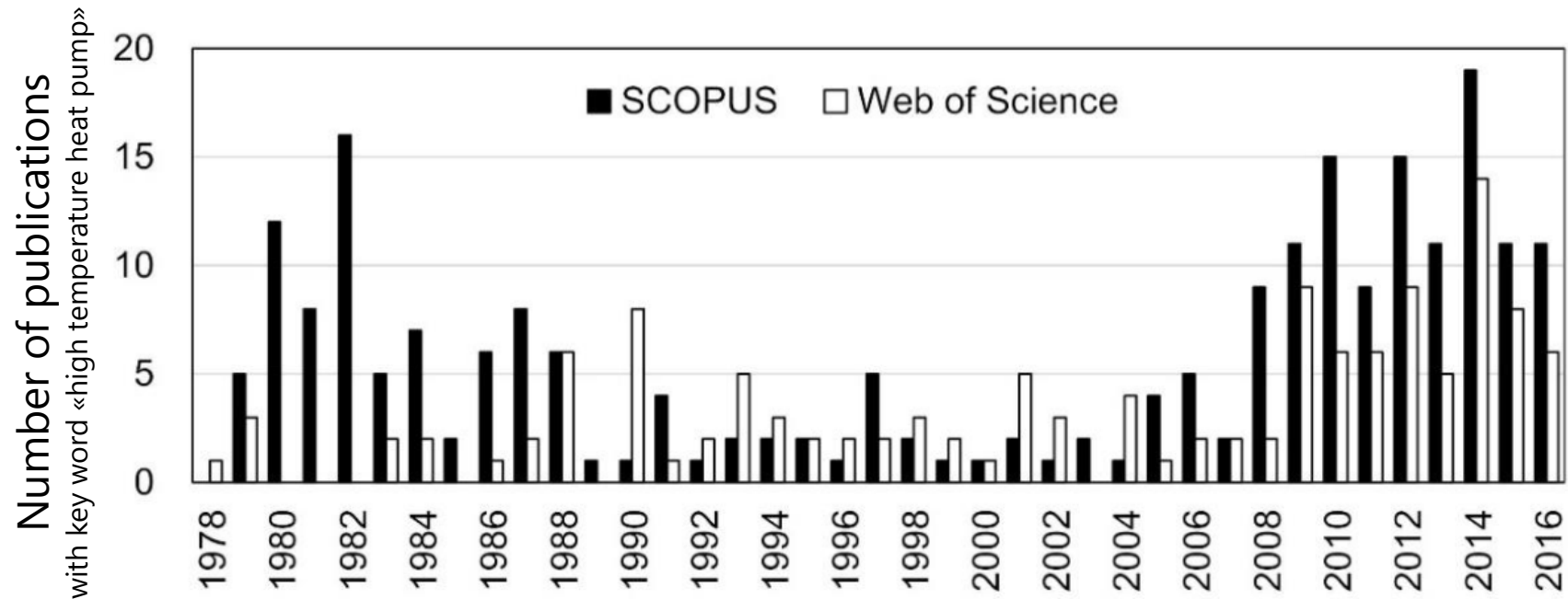


WP2- Future Focus

- Market overview – Conclusions
- **>20 HTHP models** with supply temperature $>90^{\circ}\text{C}$ identified from 12 manufacturers, Benchmark: Kobelco SGH120 and Mayekawa Eco Sirocco with 120°C
- **Heat source:** water, brine, waste heat or waste water (17 to 65°C)
- **COP:** 2.4 to 5.8 at a temperature lift of 40 to 95 K
- **Heating capacity:** from about 20 kW to 20 MW
- **Refrigerants:** R245fa, R717 (NH_3), R744 (CO_2), R134a, R1234ze(E)
- **Compressors:** 1- and 2-shaft screws, 2-stage turbochargers, reciprocating compressors (parallel)
- **Cycles:** usually 1-stage, optimization by IHX, parallel compressors, economizer, intermediate injection, 2-stage cascade (R134a/R245fa) or with a flash economizer

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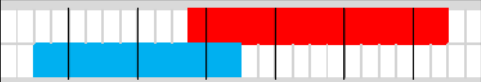








■ Research activity on HTHPs



Number of publications with search key word «high temperature heat pump» in data bases SCOPUS (www.scopus.com) and Web of Science (www.webofknowledge.com).

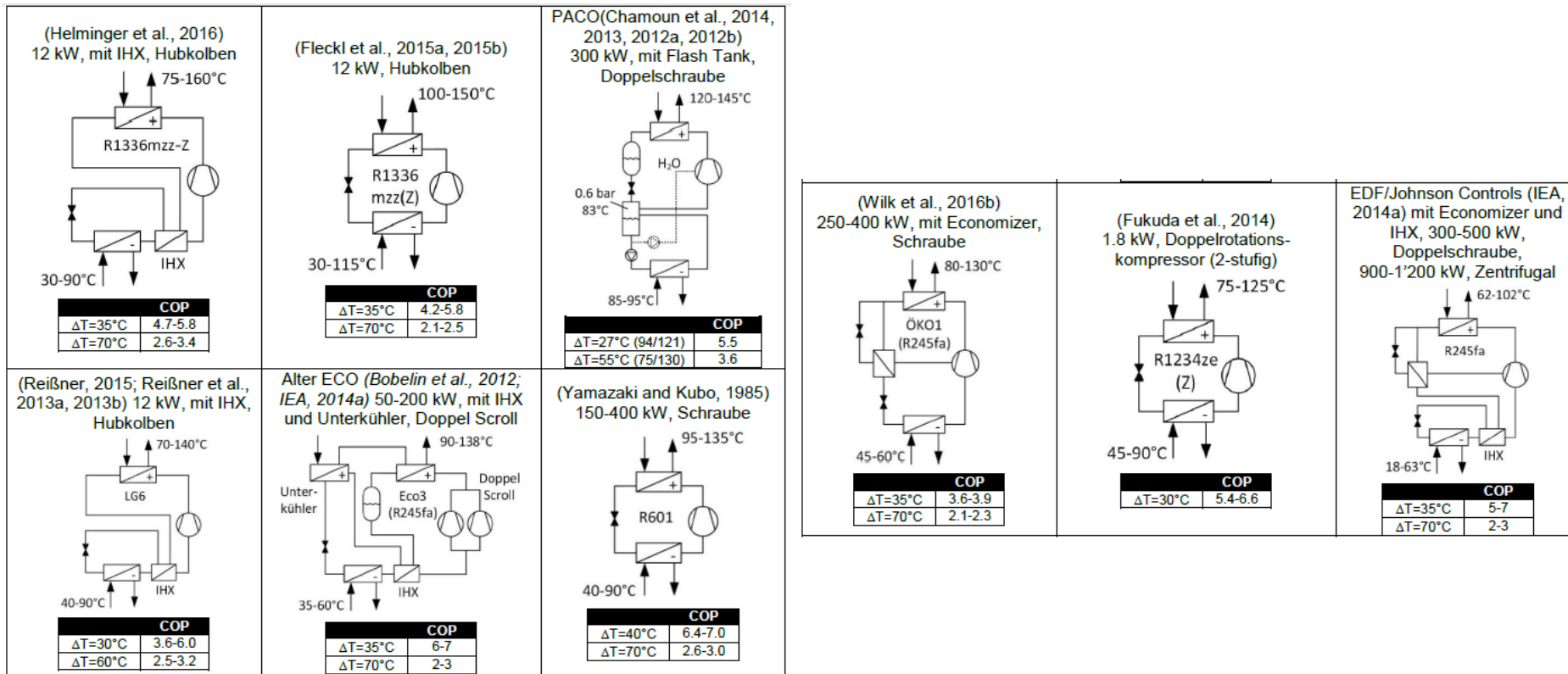
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■ Experimental research projects of HTHPs

Organisation, Projektpartner	Kreislauf	Kompressor	Kältemittel	Quellen- und Senkentemperatur [°C]												Heizleistung [kW]	Referenz
				20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160						
Austrian Institute of Technology (AIT), Wien, Chemours, Bitzer	IHX	Hubkolben	R1336mzz-Z													12	(Helminger et al., 2016)
Austrian Institute of Technology (AIT), Wien, Chemours, Bitzer	1-stufig	Hubkolben	R1336mzz-Z													12	(Fleckl et al., 2015a, 2015b)
PACO, University Lyon, EDF Electricité de France	Flash Tank	Doppelschraube	H ₂ O (Wasser)													300	(Chamoun et al., 2014, 2013, 2012a, 2012b)
Institut für Luft- und Kältetechnik (ILK), Dresden	1-stufig	n.v.	HT 125													12	(Noack, 2016)
Friedrich-Alexander Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg, Siemens	IHX	Hubkolben	LG6													10	(Reißner, 2015; Reißner et al., 2013a, 2013b)
Alter ECO, EDF Electricité de France	IHX und Unterkühler	Doppel Scroll	ECO3 (R245fa)													50-200	(Bobelin et al., 2012; IEA, 2014a)
Tokyo Electric Power Company, Japan	1-stufig	Schraube	R601													150-400	(Yamazaki and Kubo, 1985)
Austrian Institute of Technology (AIT), Wien, Edtmayer, Ochsner	Economizer	Schraube	ÖKO1 (R245fa)													250-400	(Wilk et al., 2016b)
Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan	1-stufig	Doppelrotationskompressor (2-stufig)	R1234ze(Z)													1.8	(Fukuda et al., 2014)
Johnson Controls, EDF Electricité de France	Economizer und IHX	Doppelschraube Zentrifugal Turbo	R245fa													300-500 900-1'200	(IEA, 2014a)

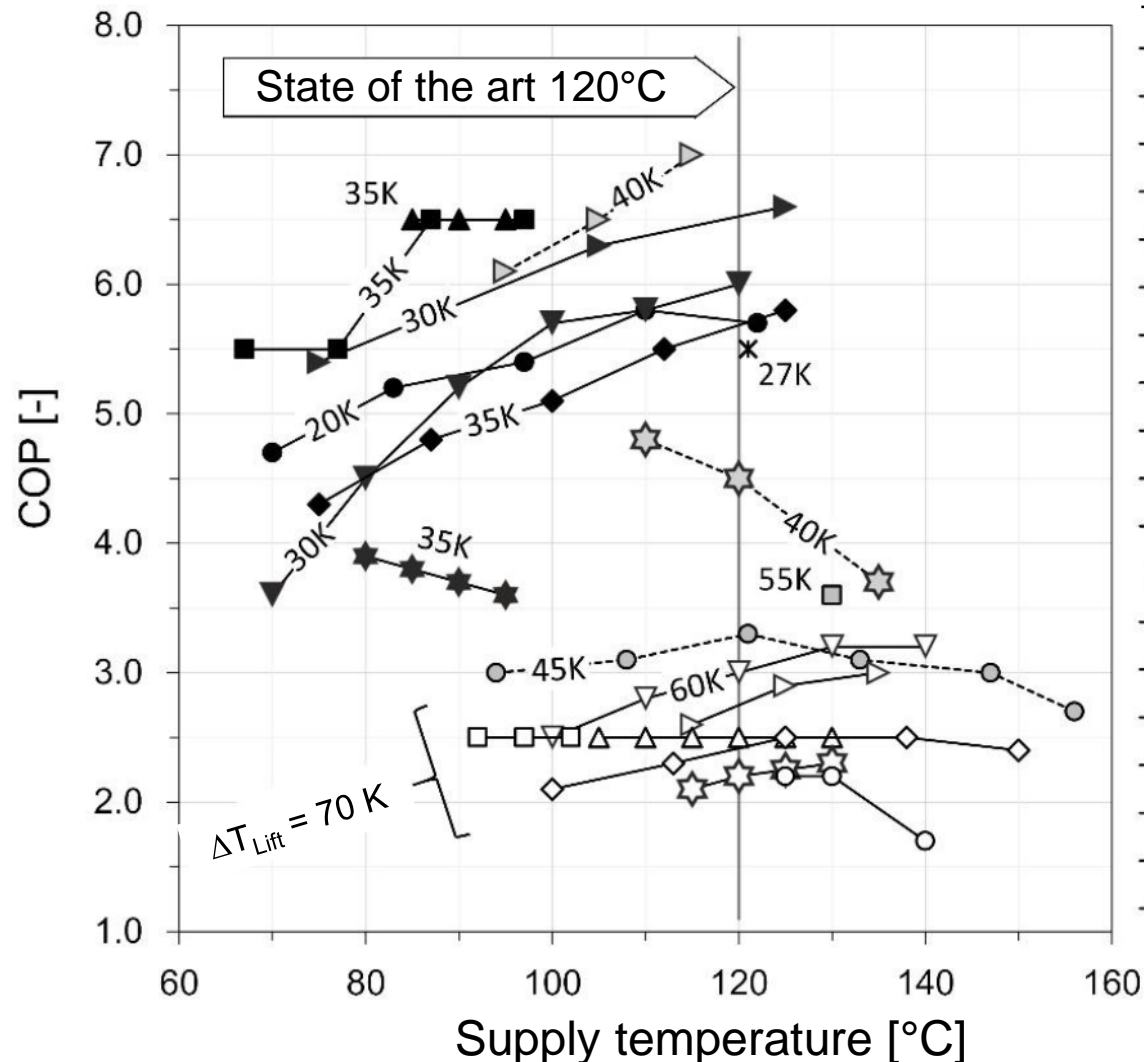
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■ Heat pump cycles and COPs



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■ COP vs. supply temperature at different temperature lifts



Research projects: (ΔT_{lift}), refrigerant

- Helminger et al. 2016 (20K), R1336mzz-Z
- * PACO (27K), H₂O
- Fukuda et al. 2014 (30K), R1234ze(Z)
- ▼ Reißner 2015 (30K), LG6
- EDF/Johnson Controls (35K), R245fa
- ◆ Fleckl et al. 2015 (35K), R1336mzz-Z
- ▲ Alter Eco (35K), ECO3 (R245fa)
- ◆ Wilk et al. 2016b (35K), Öko1 (R245fa)
- Yamazaki und Kubo 1985 (40K), R601
- Noack 2016 (40K), HT125
- Helminger et al. 2016 (45K), R1336mzz-Z
- PACO (55K), H₂O
- ▽ Reißner 2015 (60K), LG6
- Yamazaki und Kubo 1985 (70K), R601
- △ Alter Eco (70K), ECO3 (R245fa)
- EDF/Johnson Controls (70K), R245fa
- ◇ Fleckl et al. 2015 (70K), R1336mzz-Z
- ◆ Wilk et al. 2016b (70K), Öko1 (R245fa)
- Noack 2016 (70K), HT125

WP2- Future Focus

- Conclusions – Research status
- **Sink temperature up to 160°C** at AIT (Vienna), 1-stage with IHX and R1336mzz(Z)
- **10 research projects** reached > 100°C
- **Heating capacity:** laboratory scale 12 kW, larger prototypes >100 kW
- **COPs** (at 120°C supply temperature): 5.7 to 6.5 (30 K temperature lift), 2.2 to 2.8 (70 K)
- **Cycles:** all 1-stage, partly with IHX and/or economizer with intermediate injection
- **Refrigerants:** R1336mzz(Z), R718 (H₂O), R245fa, R1234ze (Z), R601, LG6 (Siemens), ÖKO1 (contains R245fa, Ochsner), ECO3 (R245fa, Alter ECO), HT125 (ILK, Dresden)
- **Compressors:** reciprocating pistons in laboratory systems

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■ Refrigerants – selection criteria

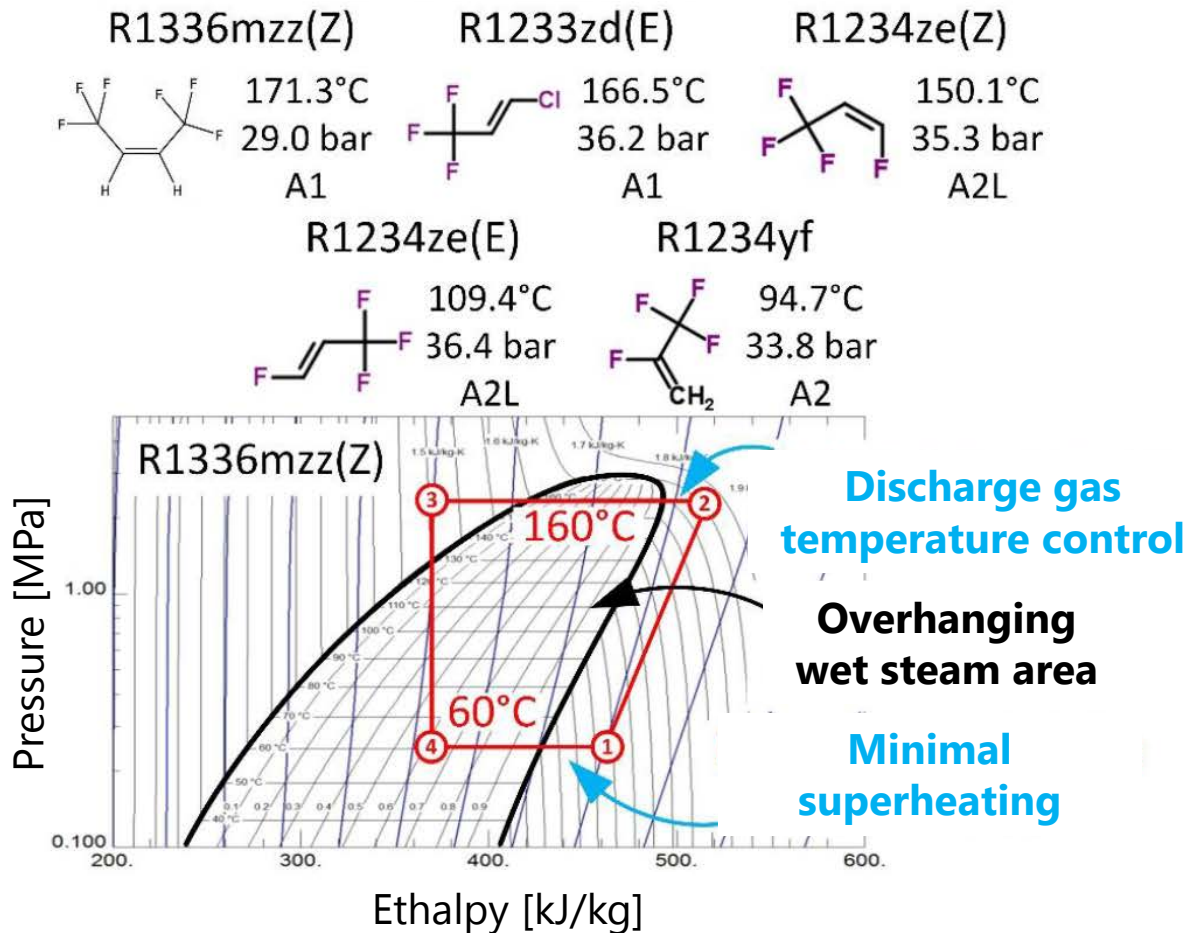
Criteria	Required properties
Thermal suitability	High critical temperature, low critical pressure
Environmental	ODP = 0, low GWP, short atmospheric life
Safety	Non-toxic, non-combustible (safety group A1)
Efficiency	High COP, low pressure ratio, minimal overheat to prevent fluid compression, high volumetric capacity
Availability	Available in the market, low price
Other factors	Good solubility in oil, thermal stability of the refrigerant-oil mixture, lubricating properties at high temperatures, material compatibility with steel and copper

	T _{krit}	p _{krit}	ODP	GWP	SG	M
	[°C]	[bar]	[-]	[-]		[g/mol]
n-pentane	196.6	33.7	0	20	A3	72.2
R365mfc	186.9	32.7	0	804	A2	148.1
R123	183.7	37.0	0.02	77	B1	152.9
R1233zd(E)	166.5	36.2	0.0003	6	A1	130.5
Novtec649	168.7	18.7	0	1	A1	316.0
R245fa	154.0	36.5	0	858	B1	134.0
R1234ze(Z)	150.1	35.3	0	<1	A2	114.0
R600	152.0	38.0	0	20	A3	58.1
Water	373.9	220.6	0	0	A1	18.0
R1336mzz-Z	171.3	29.0	0	9	A1	164.1

WP2- Future Focus

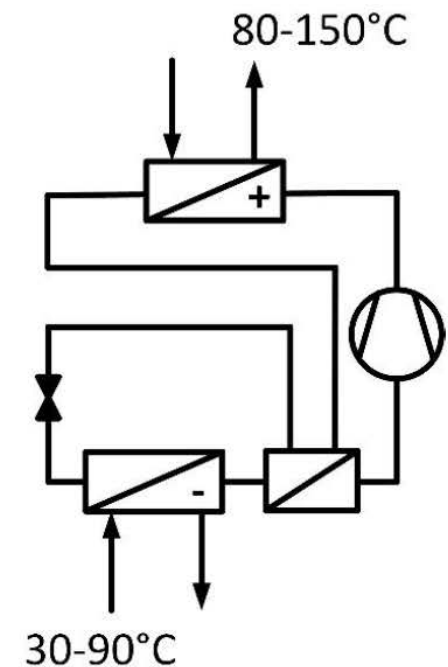
- Concept for HTHP laboratory prototype

HFO refrigerants



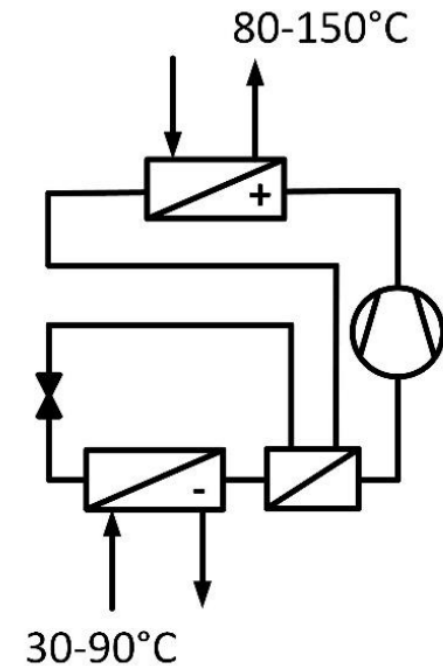
Cycle

1-stage with IHX



WP2- Future Focus

- Experimental test setup – HTHP laboratory prototype (Aug 25, 2017)



WP2- Future Focus

- Next steps (Sept 2017-2018)
- Review paper on High Temperature Heat Pumps
- Experimental HTHP test setup (instrumentation and testing)
- Conference Papers (HTHP Design, Simulation, Experimental Results)

Discussion (10 min)

Sources:

[1]: E. Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Research, Natural gas price,
(<http://gaspreise.preisueberwacher.ch/web/index.asp?z=5&codekategorie=Typ%20VI>) (Apr 2016).

[2]: F. E. C. ElCom, Comparison of electricity prices, (May 2016)
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